M P MEDICAL SCIENCE UNIVERSITY, JABALPUR **MARKSHEET** Name of Examination & Year : BDS IV Year Examination March-2023 Name Of College: Rishiraj College of Dental Sciences and Research Centre, Bhopal (DP010) urse : BDS Date Of Exam: **Subject Name: Periodontics** Internals Theory Viva-Practical S. No Enrollment No Roll No. **Student's Name** Voce Practical Theory Paper B Internal Internal 90 35 10 10 20 35 6 8 9 10

Madhya Pradesh Medical Science University, Jabalpur BDS Fourth Year Examination Feb-2021 Paper Code: - 21AD0100100901

Subject- Oral Medicine And Radiology

Time: 3:00 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Instructions: a) All questions are compulsory. b) Draw diagrams wherever necessary. c) Answers of Questions and Sub questions must be written strictly according to the serial order of question paper. d) MCQ has to be answered in theory answer book. e) Please write MCQ answer neatly and in serial order with black or blue pen in brackets for example:- 1. (a) 2. (b). f) MCQ has to be answered only once, any kind for repetition or cutting or erasing or whitener will be consider as malpractice, Such answers will not be counted in the marks and action will be taken according to UFM rules of University. g) Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper- such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means. $10 \times 1 = 10$ Q. 1 Total MCQs: 10 Bone pain, renal calcinosis, and giant cell jaw lesions are most likely to be seen in which one of the following disorders? d. Hyperthyroidism c. Hyperparathyroidism b. Fibrous dysplasia a. Acromegaly Clinical feature of submucous fibrosis. 2 d. None c. red patch a. White patch b. blanching Faults are d. All of above b. Dark radiograph Emulsion peel a. Light radiograph A 55 y old female presents with SEVERE, ELECTRICAL and SHOCKING PAIN in her right cheek triggered by light touch. clinical examination does not reveal any local cause. Which drug is most likely to be effective for her? d. Sumatriptan c. Carbamazepine a. Ergotamine which of the following is feature of secondary sjogren's syndrome? d. Connective tissue c. Anosmia by Dry mouth a. Dry eyes disease It is used to reduce the size of X-ray beam d. Film b. Collimator c. Film holder a. Filtration Distance of working area from safe light d. 10 feet b. 4 feet c 2 feet a. 8 feet Carbamazepine indicated in: d. None b. leukoplakia c. all of above a. Trigeminal neuralgia Size of IOPA film a. 31x41mm b. 31x41cm c. 31x41 inches d. None Target lesions seen in b. Myositis occificans c. Antrolith d. Phlebolith a. Erythema Multiforme

- Long Answer Questions
- Classify Salivary Gland Tumors. Describe in detail about Sjogren's syndrome Q.2
- Classify cyst. Discuss about clinical features and radiographic features of dentigerous cyst. a.
- Classify Temporomandibular disorders. Describe about clinical features and management of Myofacial ·b. C.
 - Pain Dysfunction Syndrome.
- Classify vesiculobullous lesions. Discuss in detail about pemphigus vulgaris. d.
- Biological Effects of Radiation e.
- Short Answer Questions Q.3
- Investigation and treatment of Candidiasis a.
- Laboratory investigation and Oral Manifestations of HIV Ъ.
- Erythema Multiforme C.
- Clinical features and management of Leukoplakia d.
- Pernicious anemia e.
- Causes of dark radiograph £.
- Clinical features and management of Trigeminal Neuralgia. g.
- Management of Xerostomia h.
- Radiographic features of ameloblastoma î.

















